#### UNCLASSIFIED

A 1	_ A	TTT	<b>7</b> // /	$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{D}$
ΑΙ	ין (		M	KFK
/ 1		1 (		

#### AD869605

# **LIMITATION CHANGES**

#### TO:

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited. Document partially illegible.

#### FROM:

Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies and their contractors;

Administrative/Operational Use; 15 FEB 1970. Other requests shall be referred to Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development (Army), Attn: FOR-OT-UT, Washington, DC 20310. Document partially illegible.

# **AUTHORITY**

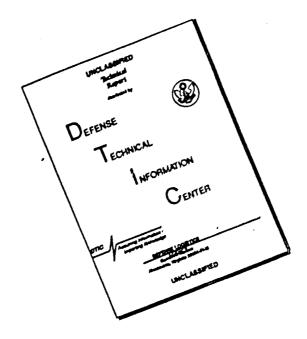
AGO D/A ltr, 29 Apr 1980

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE UNDER DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

# DISCLAIMER NOTICE



THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY AVAILABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.



#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

IN REPLY REFER TO

AGDA (M)

(5 May 70)

FOR OT UT 701284

13 May 1970

SUBJECT:

Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 92d Engineer

Battalion, Period Ending 31 January 1970

SEE DISTRIBUTION

**ි** 

1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 4b, AR 525-15. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT UT, Operational Reports Branch, within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from lessons learned during current operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

Incl

tenneth G. Neickham

KENNETH G. WICKHAM Major General, USA The Adjutant General

pistribution:

ommanding Generals

US Continental Army Command

US Army Combat Developments Command

US Army Materiel/Command

Commandants

US Army War College

US Army Command and General Staff College

US Army Armon School

US Army Aviation School

US Army Engineer School

US Army Field Artillery School

US Army Infantry School

US Army Ordnance School

US Army Transportation\School

Copies furnished: Office, Chief of Staff, US Army Protective marking cancelled when separated from inclosure.

UNCLASSIFIED REPORT DISTRIBUTION NO FOREIGN WITHOUT APPROVAL OF ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF FOR FORCE DEVELOPMENT (ARMY) ATTN: FOR OT UT, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

26

#### **NOTICE TO USERS**

Portions of this document have been judged by the Clearinghouse to be of poor reproduction quality and not fully legible. However, in an effort to make as much information as possible available to the public, the Clearinghouse sells this document with the understanding that if the user is not satisfied, the document may be returned for refund.

If you return this document, please include this notice together with the IBM order card (label) to:

Clearinghouse Attn: 152.12 Springfield, Va. 22151

# DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 92D ENGINEER BATTALION APO 96491

EGBD-OP

15 February 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92d Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

THRU: Commanding Officer, 159th Engineer Group, ATTN: EGB-OP, APO 96491
Commanding General, 20th Engineer Brigade, ATTN: AVBI-COS, APO 96491
Commanding General, United States Army, Vietnam, ATTN: AVHGG(DST), APO 96375
Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96588

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army (ACSFOR DA) Washington D.C. 20310

#### Section 1, Operations: Significant Activities

- 1. Command: LTC William A. Anderson commanded the 92d Engineer Battalion during the reporting period until 18 January 1970, at which time LTC Beaufort C. Katt assumed command.
- a. The 92d Engineer Battalion Headquarters and Headquarters Company is organized under MTOE 5-116G, strength b; A Company under MTOE 5-117G, strength b; and Companies B, C, and D under MTOE 5-118G strength b. The 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction) is organized under MTOE 5-129G and was attached by 159th Engineer Group General Order Number 34, dated 18 December 1967. The 100th Engineer Company (Fleat Bridge) is organized under MTOE 5-78G and was attached by 159th Engineer Group General Order Number 43, dated 17 August 1969. The 100th Engineer Company (Float Bridge) was reassigned to the 79 Engineer Group by 20th Engineer Brigade General Order Number 1269, dated 4 December 1969, effective 5 December 1969. The 515th Engineer Platoon (Asphalt) is organized under MTOE 5-114D, Paragraph 4, and was attached by 159th Engineer Group General Order 53, dated 31 October 1969. The 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction) has its authorized strength reduced 44 enlisted men by 20th Engineer Brigade effective 30 November 1969. The 100th Engineer Company (Fleat Bridge) has its authorized strength reduced 72 enlisted men by 20th Engineer Brigade effective 30 November 1969. FOR OT UT

701284

Inclosure

1

EGED-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFCR-65(R2)

- b. The mission of the battalion is to construct and rehabilitate roads airfields, pipeline systems, structures and utilities, to assist emergency recovery operations, and to defend 2000 meters of the Long Binh Post Perimeter. The attached companies have the missions of port construction, pier protective systems, and float bridging.
- c. The 92D Engineer Battalion AOR consist of Phuoc Tuy, Bien Hoa amd Gia Dinh Provinces. .
  - d. Assignment: Refer to paragraph 1, subparagraph a.
- e. Mcvements: Attachments and Detachments: Refer to Paragraph 1, subgaragraph a.
- f. The awards program has been highly emphasized and a total of 132 medals were presented during the reporting period.
- 2. Personnel, Morale and Discipline:

#### a. Persennel:

- (1) Personnel Shortages: The following listed personnel shortages are considered critical and are, in effect, having a pronounced impact upon the construction and general production capability of the 92D Engineer Battalion and its attached units, the 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction) and 100th Engineer Company (Float Bridge).
- (a) Of the 23 structure specialists (51030) and riggers (5:020) authorized, there are 7 assigned. Although this problem has been alleviated by highly trained carpenters, a trained structure specialist or rigger would be a valuable asset.
- (b) Of the 15 masons (51D2O) authorized, there are 4 assigned. Civilian hire can usually accomplish the physical aspects of this job, but very often a trained soldier's job knowledge is necessary.
- (c) Of the 45 plumbers (51K20) authorized, there are 21 assigned. A sudden plumbing requirement of appreciable magnitude would reveal a serious incapability to accomplish the mission.
- (d) Of the 16 surfacing equipment specialists (62D2O), there are 5 assigned. In view of the Batch Plant operation of Commany A, this shortage poses a serious problem. As a result of this shortage many men have been pulled from other sections to perform these duties.

# FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

INCL

EGBU-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS USFOR-65(R2)

- (e) Of the 2 Harborcraft NCO's (61B40) authorized, none are assigned, and of the 3 Marine Enginemen (61C20) authorized, none are assigned. Because of the technical and safety factors involved in this skill, OJT is a slow process.
- (f) Of the 173 Truck Drivers authorized by the Civilianization Program 6, there are 10 assigned. The effect of this program is readily apparent. In addition, the utilization of local nationals for light vehicle drivers where radio communications are involved is impossible because they can not properly be cleared for security.
- (2) The rotation rate of the 92d Engineer Battalion, to include the 41st Engineer Company (PC), 497th Engineer Company (PC) and the 100th Engineer Company (FB), averaged 83 personnel per month. The average input into the Battalion, to include the attached units is 86 personnel per month.
- (3) All military personnel shortage (El-E6) are requisitioned each month by 20th Engineer Brigade. Military personnel shortages (E7-E9) are requisitioned each month by the 92d Engineer Battalion Personnel Section on USARV Form 162 revised 29 May 1967. Effort is continuing to train unskilled military (OJT) personnel in the critically needed skills.
- (4) The battalion and attached units had a total of 22 gains and 246 losses in personnel during the reporting period. The forecast rotational rates are 5.7% for February, 10.2% for March, and 8.8% for April.

#### (5) Personnel Strengths Chart:

#### (a) 31 November 1969

UNIT AU		UTH/ASG	<u>AUTH/ASG</u>	AUTH/ASG
92d	40/33	7/7	727/672	774/712
41st	9/9	1/1	174/208	184/218
100th	7/7	1/1	144/134	152/142
515th	1/1	1/1	34/33	32/32

#### (b) 31 December 1969

UNIT	OFF	WO	EM	TOTAL
	AUTH/ASG	<u>AUTH/ASG</u>	AUTH/ASG	<u>AUTH/ASG</u>
92d 41st 515th	39/33 9/9 1/1	<b>7</b> /7 1/1	657/731 174/194 31/27	703/771 184/204 32/23

EGBU-OP SUPJECT:

Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

#### (c) 31 January 1970

UNIT'	OFF	WO	EM	TOTAL
	AUTH/ASG	AUTH/ASG	AUTH/ASG	AUTH/ASG
92d	32/29	7/7	657/675	696/711
41st	9/8	1/1	171/165	181/174
515th	1/1	ó/o	31/24	32/25

b. Moralc has been excellent during the entire quarter. There were 68 foreign service tour extensions approved during the reporting period; 33 of these were for an additional six months. The Battalion had 65% participation in the Savings Bond Program. During the reporting period, 45 personnel participated in the Rest and Recuperation Program.

#### c. Discipline:

- 1) Most disciplinary problems were resolved under Article 15, UCMJ, There were 135 Articles 15 administered, O Summary Courts-Martial, 4 Special Courts-Martial, and O General Courts-Martial.
- 2) There were three Congressional Inquiries and one IG Complaint during the period which were satisfactorily resolved locally.
- d. There were two minor non-battle casualties during the reporting period resulting in the loss of 2 man-days.

#### 3. Intelligence:

- a. Problem: To Increase the Effectiveness of Concertina as an Anti-Sapper Barrier.
- b. Situation: During the past several months the enemy has been increasing his use of sapper teams to infiltrate U.S. Base Camps in the Republic of Vietnam. The 41st Engineer Company (PC) has particularly felt this change in tactics. There have been several recent instances of confirmed sapper activity in the 41st perimeter which affords well concealed avenues of approach. Enemy sappers have cleverly disarmed claymore mines and trip flares, and holes have been cut or forced open in the defensive wire. The problem seems to have been abated since the 41st launched an intensive program of perimeter improvement to include the extensive use of Vietnamese daily hire.
- c. Solution: In addition to the usual precautions of eliminating vegetation and installing more trip flares, the 41st has created what seems to be an effective antisapper barrier by reinforcing concertina with barbed tape. Each side of the lower course of concertina is strung lengthwise with five to seven sharply twisted ribbons of barbed tape utilizing barbed tape dispensers to apply the twist and string out the tape. The tape is tied to the concertina with the wire every four to six feet. This procedure makes the concertina nearly impossible to penetrate without cutting which should attract the attention of the bunker guards. In addition, barbed tape is then cut into approximately eighteen—inch lengths and dropped inside the concertina in sufficient density to prevent personnel from crawling thru the concertina.

ECRO-OP
SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 920 Engineer Battalion
(Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- c. These short lengths will maintain the circular curl they achieved when wound on the plastic dispensing reels. As a result they will lie on their sides within the concertina with all their barbs ready to slice or snag any passing of clothing. In the hours of darkness, these small barbed strips seem to prove nearly impossible to clear away. Care should be exercised in handling barbed tape as it is particularly vicious.
- 4. Operations, Plans and Training:
  - a. Operations and projects completed during reporting period:
    - (1) Combat Support Missions Completed:
- (a) 146-5435-C-20, Open New Fire Support Base: 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): A fire support base at a classified location was constructed between 2 January 1970 and 8 January 1970. One D7E dozer was provided to shape berms.
- (b) 14.6-54.37-0-20, Equipment Support, 199th Infantry Brigade: Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): One dozer was provided for one day to shape berms for a fire support base near QL-1 approximately twelve miles east of Long Binh on 5 January 1970.
- (c) 146-5426-0-20, Establish Temporary Fire Support Base, Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Protective berms were constructed around 6 howitzers at a fire support base near QL-15, approximately twenty miles southeast of Long Binh using D7E dozers on 17 and 18 December 1969.
- (d) 189-5420-0-20, Dry Gep Span, 199th Infantry Brigade; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/920 Engineer Battalion (Construction): One 90' M4T6 dry span with intermediate trestles was installed near Trang Bom Tank Range in support of the 87th Engineer Company to provide stream-crossing capability for Rome plows. Project began on 4 December 1969 and ended 6 December 1969 when the bridge was extracted.
- (e) 153-51-99-0-20, Bridge Support, Dry Spans; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Three 381-4" M4T6 dry spans were delivered to the 8th Engineer Battalion at Quan int. A demonstration was presented on how to prepare the bridge for airlifting and three personnel were provided for duration of the mission for technical assistance. Project began on 2 November 1969 and ended on 10 December 1969.
- (f) 189-5446-0-20, Equipment Support; Company A/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): One lowboy was provided to the 79th Engineer Group for one day on 25 January 1970.
- (g) 173-5410-0-20, Foot Bridge Support, Duc Hoa; 100th (Fleat-: Bridge Company)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): One each 160' long foot bridge was delivered to Cu Chi in support of the 65th Engineer Battalion. Project began on 4 November 1969 and was completed on the same day.

FGBD-OP SUBJECT:

Cperational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Feriod Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFCR-65(R2)

- (2) Operational Support Missions Completed:
- (a) <u>243-5872-0-20</u>, <u>Company</u>, <u>Flantation</u>; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): One D7E dozer, frontloader and dump truck support was provided to build a firing range for the 199th Infantry Brigade. A total of 1635 CY of fill was used in construction of the berm. Project was begun on 8 September 1969 and was completed on 1 November 1969.
- (b) <u>243-5510-1-23</u>, <u>BOQ Revetments</u>; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Engineer battalion (Construction): Four-foot revetments were constructed around 5 each Long Binh Post BCO's. The project was started on 10 July 1969 and was completed on 1 November 1969.
- (c) 243-5894-0-20, Engineer Support IIFFV: Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Frotective berms were constructed around six 155 howitzer (SP) positions for Battery C, 2nd Battalion, 35th Artillery Group. Project was started on 27 Ceteber 1969 and was completed on 3 November 1969.
- (d) 246-5801-C-20, Repair Aircraft Revetments, Long Thanh North; Company D/92D agineer Battalien (Construction): Twenty each 12 foot fixed wing aircraft revetment were repaired by reinforcing the existing revetments with "H" beam stiffeners concrete in the ground; three each 3' high earth berms were constructed around 3 existing fuel bladders; 21 each 4-man personnel bunkers were constructed. Froject started 7 August 1969 and was completed on 5 November 1969.
- (e) 207-5933-0-20, Picr Requir, Bien Hoa Earge Site;
  41st Engineer Company (Fort Construction)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction):
  Che stringer and all decking and curbing were replaced on the pier at
  the bien Poa barge site. Two transverse braces were also repaired.
  Project was started on 4 Povember 1969 and was completed on 6 November 1969.
- (f) 243-6003-0-20, Raft Missions; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): One each 5-float M4T6 Reinforced raft was constructed on a La Nga River and utilized to cross 3 artillery howitzers in support of 23d Artillery Group. Project began 3 November 1969 and was completed 5 November 1969.
- (g) 243-5892-0-20, Timber Trestle Bridge Rejnir; Company B/92D Ingine r Battalien (Construction): Minor repairs were accomplished by installing 400 feet of 2x6 lumber for decking. Project was begun 6 November 1969 and completed 6 November 1969.
- (h) 273-5910-0-20, Remove Float Bridge, Ben Luc; 100th (Float bridge Company)/92D Engineer battalion (Construction): Technical assistance and hauling capability were provided to the 30th ARVN Engineer Group for the removal of a 1200: M4T6 float bridge. Project was started on 2 October 1969 and was completed on 13 November 1969

#### NOT REPRODUCIBLE

EGBD+OP

SUBJUCT: Operational Report - Lessons Loarned, 920 Engineer Littalian (Construction), Feriod ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFCR-65(R2)

- (i) <u>251-5950-0-20</u>, <u>Repair Culverts RT 316</u>; Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Two 24-inch 30 foot culverts were replaced on Fighway 316 approximately nine miles north of Long Binh in support of the 1st Infantry Division. Project was started on 3 Fovember 1969 and completed 11 November 1969.
- (j) 225-6020-0-20, Footbridge to 3d Brigade, 9th Infantry Division, (25th Infantry Division): 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): One 300-foot aluminum foot-bridge was delivered to the 571st Engineer Company at Cu Chi. Technical assistance was given en preparation of the bridge for air-lifting. Missien began 13 November 1969 and the bridge was returned 23 November 1969.
- (k) <u>243-5736-0-20</u>, <u>Access Road</u>, <u>Long Binh Morth Fost</u>; Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): A 700-meter, single lane, minimum standard road was constructed near bunker #430 to provide dasy access to a Long Binh Morth perimeter defense reaction bunker. Froject was started 24 October 1969 and completed 19 November 1969.
- (1) 290-6002-0-20, Dry Span Support For Land Clearing; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D ingine in intentalion (Construction): 1, 45-foot M4T6 fixed span was delivered by air to Can ben Nom near Song Dong Rai in support of a small stream crossing by the 199th Infantry Brigade. Technical assistance was provided in eraction. Froject started 1 November 1969 and was completed 3 November 1969.
- (m) 246-6730-C-20, Helicopter Revetments Ecare t; Company D/92D Engineer Dattalien (Construction): Constructed were 5 each CH-13 K-Wall revetments, each consisting of two parallel walls 35' long, b' high; and two, CH-47 standard corrugated sheet metal and word disign revitments, each consisting of two parallel walls 35' long, 5' high. Troject began 29 Cotober 1969 and was completed 30 Movember 1969.
- (n) 273-5461-2-20, Binh Loi Fender System; 41st Engineer Company (Fort Construction)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Fort construction support was provided to the 46th Engineer Battalion by the 497th Engineer Company (Fort Construction) from 14 June 1969 to 13 August. 1969, when they were detached from the 92D Engineer Lattalion (Construction). The 497th Engineer Company (Fort Construction) constructed one funder and assisted in the completion of the floating collar system during this time. From 18 August 1969 to 30 Fevember 1969 the 41st Engineer Company (Fort Construction) completed the mission by constructing the remaining 3 fenders of the system and by anchoring the upstruam side of the floating collar system. The collars are floating stand-off barriers around the rices, and the funders are protective measures used to channelize barge traffic nway from the floating collars.
- (o) 287-5974-0-20, M4T6 Bridge Removal QL 15, near Baria; 100th (Fleat Bridge Company)/92D Ingineer Battalion (Construction): Technical assistance and equipment support was provided to the 1st Australian Task Force at Mui Dat. Fredect began 19 Ecomber 1969 and ended 25 November 1969.

MGBD-CP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Enttalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (p) 287-0616-0-20, Dry Span Support to 1st AFT; 100th (Float Bridge Company)/92D Ingineer Battalien (Construction): 150 feet of M476 Bridge (dry span) was delivered to the 1st Australian Task Force at Mui Dat. Project began 19 Fovember 1969 and ended 24 Fovember 1969.
- (q) 212-6029-0-20, Equipment Support, 79th Engineer Group;
  92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): Eight 10-ten tractors and seven
  each 25-ten lowbeds with operators and guards supported the 79th Engineer
  Group for a unit movement from Long Binh to Lai Khe. Project began 3 December
  1969 and ended 6 December 1969.
- (r) <u>246-6001-0-20</u>, <u>OS Rocuest LTM AAF</u>; Company D/92D Ingineer Battalien (Construction): 300 meters of perimeter earth berm were constructed and 300 meters of existing berm were upgraded; 4 each 10° by 10° fighting bunkers, 3 each 8-fect observation towers and 3 each ammunition bunkers were prefabricated and delivered to the user for self-help creetion. Project was begun 25 November 1969 and was completed 10 December 1969.
- (s) OS 159-68-233, Trang Bom Tank Range; Commany B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): 52,750 SY of jungle were cleared; 46,440 CY of everburden was stripped from laterite pits and the construction site; 86,195 CY of laterite fill was used in the project; 3200 meters of access road was constructed; one 2750 meter "assault" road in the firing range itself was constructed; 6 each 48" culverts, and eight each 24" culverts were installed and the headwalls of the culverts were backfilled with 604 tens of 10"(-) rock. One 20,000 SM firing and was constructed; two target berms were constructed using 25,000 CM of laterite fill. The project was begun 20 February 1969 and completed 13 December 1969.
- (t) 273-6007-0-20, LST Ramp Repair At Newport: 41st Ingineer Company (Fort Genstruction)/92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): Technical assistance was provided to the 4th Transit Company in the repair of an LST Ramp from 21 November 1969 to 11 December 1969.
- (u) 290-5963-0-20(c), Radar Towers, Saigen; Company B/92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): Two each 45' radar towers were creeted in the Saigen Area and four each 10' by 10' prefabricated bunkers were provided to the personnel at one of the sites. Work began 8 December 1969 and was completed 17 December 1969.
- (v) <u>246-6054-0-20</u>, <u>Equipment Support</u>, <u>RT:VF</u>: Company B/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Three dozers with operators were provided for one week for construction of protective berms at a fire support base located approximately 5 miles east of QL 15 from Fhous Hoa. Dozers were also used to clear fields of fire out to a distance of 200 meters from the support base. Froject was started 10 Ceteber 1969 and completed 21 Docember 1969.

EGBD-CP

SUBJECT: Counting the fort - Lessons Learned, 927 Engineer Battalien (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (w) 291-5559-0-20, Bridge Security Phintenance; 41st Insincer Company (Fort Construction)/92D Ingineer Battalien): Fier pretective systems were constructed around 5 piers of the Mh. Be Bridge. System consisted of a fleating collar around each pier from which was hung chain link fence and concerting as an anti-sapper measure. Project was started 10 December 1969 and was completed 24 December 1969.
- (x) 243-6012-0-20, Crypto Center Scenrity; Congany B/92D Ingineer Battalien (Construction): A nine foot high precast concrete revoluent 50 feet long was constructed and erected around the 92D Engineer Battalien (Construction) Crypto Facility. A chain link feace was creet d around the facility and a concrete yad for a generator was poured in the vicinity of the battalien operations center. Frequet began 18 December 1969 and was completed 29 December 1969.
- (y) 216-6099-0-20, Minesweep; Company B/92D Engineer
  Battalion (Construction): An area 50 meters by 100 meters, near CL 15,
  approximately thirteen miles south of Long Binh was swept for possible
  mines between 22 January 1970 and 24 January 1970 with negative results.
- (z) 243-6065-(-20, C/S Sanford MF; 41st Angineer Company (Port Construction)/920 Ungineer battalion: 3000 foot of chain link fence was exceted around part of Sanford A.F as an anti-sapper d fense measure. V getation was elected out to a distance of 200 meters from the fence. The project began on 23 December 1969 and was completed on 31 January 1970.
- (an) 243-6034-0-20, Clearing Finger Ridge; 41st Engineer Company (Fort Construction)/92D Engineer Enthalian (Construction): 323 acros were cleared of vegetation from a ridgeline south of Long Binh Post. Project began on 15 December 1969 and was completed on 28 January 1970.
- (bb) 243-5867-0-20; Sanford firfield Improvements; Company B/92D Ingineer Battalian (Construction): Eleven CU54 revetments were improved by construction a 12-feet high end-wall revetment between existing parallel revetments. Four each U-shaped U-21 revetments, 12' high and a 500 SY hardstand and t xiw y were constructed. Six parallel revetments for UP-10's were converted into L-shaped revetments for gunships. One 7600 SY hardstand and four each 4' by 9' by 40' blast walls were constructed for a gunship re-arm point. In oject was begun 24 September 1969 and completed 31 December 1969.
- (cc) <u>200-6080-0-20, Touirment Suprert;</u> 92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): Two John 25-ten lewbrys were provided to support a 62D Engineer Battalien convoy between 14 January 1970 and 16 January 1970.

NOT REPRODUCIBLE

EGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Cpcration is Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalian (Construction), Ferial Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (dd) <u>273-6085-0-20</u>, <u>Diver Support</u>; 41st Engineer Company (Fort Construction)/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Scuba divers investigated a river bettem obstruction at Newport Docks. The obstruction was found to be a silt bar. Work was accomplished on 13 January 1970.
- (ee) <u>243-5338-0-20</u>, <u>Land Clearing</u>, <u>Long Einh</u>; <u>Company B/92D Engineer Battalien</u> (Construction): Vegetation was cleared from approximately 25 acres of land surrounding the Long Binh Class III yard with the exception of 4 acres of untrafficable marsh. Project began 22 January 1970 and was completed 31 January 1970.
- (ff) 243-6097-0-20, Sanford Airfield Improvements (Revetments); Gempany B/92D Engineer battalien (Construction): Eleven portable revetments were constructed for use in closing off the open end of U-shaped CH54 revetments. Basic design involved use of M8Al A-frame revetment mounted on a portable delly. Project began 21 January 1970 and was completed 1 February 1970.
- (3) MER Project Completed: 159-68-014, 378th Maintenance Support Company: Company B/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): 1 5500 SY hardstand was constructed. Hardstand had a 3-inch laterite cap with peneprime. Project started 29 lugust 1969 and ended 7 November 1969.
  - (4) MACV Surport Projects Completed:
- (a) <u>87-241-01, M.CV ..dvisory Facilities Ba Ria; Company D/ 92D Engine r Battalion (Construction): A 988 SF maintenance building was constructed between 11 December 1969 and 31 December 1969. Design was stundard USAECAV drawing #L2002.</u>
- (b) 887-0302-0-01, MACV advisory Facilities, Long Hai; Company D/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): A 20' by 56' concrete block building providing billets, mass hall, covered storage, administration facilities and community facilities were constructed. I maintenance/generator shed was built. An electrical distribution system, a water distribution system, and a waterborne sewage system were provided.

  Project began 1 November 1969 and was completed 10 December 1969.
- (5) LCC Projects Completed: 417-5304-0-20, Additional Cantenement Facilities, Black Diamond Industrial Site; Company C/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Six 20' by 48' South Fast Asia Puts were disassembled and the salvaged materials were used to construct one 20' by 96' STA but completed 20 December 1969.
  - (6) BACON Projects Completed:
- (a) 513-5305-0-20, Neve Porta-Campers; Company B/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Four Forta-Campers were r located from the 92D Engineer Battalian (Construction) area to the MC-LOC maintenance area on 31 December 1969.

TGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFCR-65(R2)

- (b) 543-0309-0-01. Twelve Gate Entrance to USADLEN near Ho Nai Village; Company B/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): A 37' by 77' concrete black building with twelve checkpoints was built. Two each 48' by 77' covered waiting areas were built on either side of the main structure. Project was started 15 November 1969 and completed 17 December 1969.
- (c) 710-0303-1-20, Storage, Crating, and Transportation of Construction Materials, for 5th Special Forces Group, Chi Lang; 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Material was received, crated and palletized, marked, stored and transported as directed by S-4, 20th Engineer Brigade to Bien Hoa Air Terminal. The project was started 6 October 1969 and completed 15 January 1970.
  - (7) Operational Support Missions Cancelled:
- (a) 225-5862-0-20, K-Wall Revetments, Deng Tam; 92D Ungineer Battalion (Construction): This project was terminated by 20th Brigade teletype message 9337-005 dated 3 December 1969. No work was done.
- (b) 159-68-237, Maintenance Hardstand, 303rd General Support Company, Long Thanh North; Company D/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): A 20,000 SY hardstand was 3% complete when terminated by 159th Engineer Group. Work was done between 21 September 1969 and 30 November 1969.
- (c) 243-5748-0-20, Clear Fields of Fire; 92D Ingineer Battalion (Construction): Terminated on 27 December 1969, before work was begun. Scope of project was already included under 243-5873-0-20(c).
- (d) 243-5502-0-20, Security Upgrade, Sanford AAF; 100th Engineer Company (Float Bridge)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Clearing of vegetation around Sanford and supervision of self-help installation of defensive were 50% completed when project was terminated by 159th Engineer Group. Work was done between 4 August 1969 and 1 December 1969.
- (e) 217-6032-0-20, Bridge Upgrade, Di An; 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): This project to redeck two bridges was transferred to 34th battalion by 159th Engineer Group on 24 December 1969 before any work was accomplished.
- (f) 243-5686-0-20, Construction of SCC, 53D General Support Group; 92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Technical assistance was provided between 14 January 1969 and 4 January 1970 in the self-help construction of the SCC. 159th Engineer Group terminated the project on 9 January 1970 at 98% completion.

EGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSROR-65(R2)

- (g) 159-68-263(c), Dong Nai Mooring Facility; 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): This project of classified scope was cancelled by 159th Engineer Group on 9 January 1970 before work was begun.
- (8) FR Project Terminated: MR 159-68-021, MFR for 11th Transportation Battalion, Cat Lai; 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): This project was terminated by 20th Engineer Brigade letter deted 18 January 1970. No work was done.
  - (9) BACON Projects Cancelled or Terminated:
- (a) 46-228-01, MCA, Civilian Quarters, 34th General Support Group, Long Thanh North; Company D/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Two each 20° by 96° BEQ'S were constructed. The 660 SF BOQ was not constructed. Work was started on 29 April 1969 and was terminated on 1 December 1969 at 87% completion. Termination was VOCO, 159th Engineer Group.
- (b) 543-0302-0-01, MCA, Cantenment Facilities; 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): A total of 1840 SF of BEQ was constructed between 1 April 1969 and 9 October 1969. Project was terminated at 94% completion on 1 December 1969, VOCO, 159th Engineer Group.
- (c) 43-375-06, Relection Pipeline, IEN Post: 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): This project was cancelled by USADCAV letter dated 7 November 1969. No work was done.
- (d) 43-280-01-T-7S, Outdoor Recreational Facilities

  Long Binh Post: 92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Two basketball courts
  were constructed under this directive in December 1967. No work was done on
  the expanded scope, and project was officially terminated by 159th Engineer Group
  letter dated 26 November 1969. Project was 10% complete at termination.
- (e) <u>87-237-02</u>, <u>MCA</u>, <u>Airfield Pavements</u>, <u>Vung Tou M.F</u>; 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): This project was cancelled by USAECAV letter dated 26 November 1969. No work was done.
  - b. Operations/Projects Active at End of Reporting Period:
    - (1) Operational Support Missions Active:
- (a) 291-5559-0-20, Bridge Security Maintenance, Dong Nai Bridge; 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction)/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): Repairs were made on the existing RMK-installed pier protective systems (PPS) on three piers as a temporary protective measure. Existing contractor-installed PPS around pier #4 was removed and replaced with a steel pile and floating system designed by the 41st Engineer Company (Port Construction). Project was started on 1 December 1969 and is scheduled for completion on 13 March 1970. Project is 71% complete.

EGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Crematican Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Unding 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (b) <u>243-5729-2-23. Maintenance of Long Binh Ferimeter:</u> 92D Engineer Battalien (Construction): Burned and removed weeds forward of positions; replaced 312 trip flares; installed 842 rells of barbed wire. Built-up berm with 484 CY of laterite; installed 4 bunkers. Project is continuous.
- (c) 243-5732-0-20, Maintenance of Black Diamond Industrial Site Perimeter; Company 0/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Installed concerting wire and trip flares, regained existing bunkers and berm, and constructed two 10° by 10° fighting bunkers. Project is continuous.
- (d) 290-6062-0-20. O/S for Aviation Units; Company B/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Scope-classified; 47% complete. Project began 24 December 1969.
- (e) <u>243-5839-0-20</u>, <u>Equipment Support</u>; 92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Hauled 150 CY of laterite as required by user, IIFFV. Project began 17 August 1969 and is presently 60% complete.
- (f) 212-6041-0-20, Rock Issue to 65th Degineer Battalion; Company C/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction); 303 CV of la"(-) rock was issued to the 65th Engineer Battalion during this period. The project is 40% complete.
- (g) 291-5986-0=20, Tactical Road Integram; Company D/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction): Two reads were upgraded to class 12 at coordinates XT 910110 XT 926136 and XT912295 XT 968230. Work was begun on three other reads: XT 841009 XT 879008, 20% complete; XT 971225 XT 973170, 10% complete; XS 739893 XS 751836, 10% complete. Project began on 22 November 1969 and total project is 14.6% complete.
- (2) MACV Projects Active: 807-0303-0-01, MACV advisory
  Facilities, Duc Tu; Company B/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction):
  A concrete block building is being constructed for advisory living quarters. Froject includes waterborne sewage, running water, and electrical facilities. Work began on 11 November 1969 and is 71% complete.
- (3) BACCH Frejects Active: 773-5301-0-20, Rock Issue, CMAC; Company C/92D -nationar Pattalion (Construction): 164 CY of 194 (-) rock was issued to CMAC during this period. The project is 16% complete.
  - (4) Construction Support Projects Active:
- (a) 417-5301-0-20, Installation of asphalt Flort at
  Black Diamond Industrial Site; Company C/92D Engineer Battalian (Construction):
  The plant itself was fully operational by 1 January 1970; a fuel tank
  facility remains to be installed; the project began on 17 September
  1969 and is 95% complete.

EGBU-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 920 Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (b) 417-5303-0-20, Operation and Maintenance of Black Diamond Industrial Site; Company C/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): 53389 CY of crushed rock and 12869 tons of asphalt were produced during this period. This project is a continuous operation.
- (c) 443-5311-0-20, Operation and Maintenance of Concrete Batch Plant at Long Binh North; Company A/92D Engineer Battalion (Construction): 2882 CY of concrete were produced during this period. This project is a continuous operation.
  - (5) Base Construction: None
  - (6) Revolutionary Development Support: None.
  - c. Engineer Plans: None
  - d. Plant Operations: Refer to paragraph 4b(4).
  - e. Training
- (1) During the past quarter, fifteen Vietnamese were trained as mechanics through "Project Buddy". The success achieved by this program was due in large part to the interest displayed by the trainees and the long hours which they worked.
- (2) The battalion training section supervised and assisted in the orderly execution of the required training for the battalion during the past quarter. One aspect of this training was to insure all personnel fired their individual weapons, and that all bunker guards fired the crew-served weapons monthly. The training program received an overall "excellent" rating during the Annual General Inspection conducted in January 1970.

#### 5. Logistics:

- a. Construction Materials:
- (1) Large dimension lumber, such as  $10 \times 10$  and  $12 \times 12$  is difficult to obtain in sufficient quantity. This lumber is being used for timber bridges built under CD 291-5986-0-20, Tactical Road Program.
- (2) In some instances, incomplete inventories at ECMY results in wasted effort and time consuming delays with resubmissions. At times ICCV will release materials they list as on hand, when in fact, they are not physically present. In addition, needed items have been found in ECMY which are not listed by ICCV.

EGBU-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Procit - Lessons Learned, 920 Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (3) Some construction items have required an excessive amount of time to be released for issue. The primary factor is mal-assignment of hed Ball Document Numbers by DSU. In most cases the requisition was cancelled and had to be reordered losing much valuable lead time. This mistake on the part of our. DSU has since been corrected, however the impact is still felt, as some job completion dates are being held up.
- b. Contract resources have been excellent through out the quarter, 10,000 bags of portland cement were purchased from RMK due to critical shortages at Depot. Contract haul of bitumen by civilian contractors has provided 80% of much-needed materials. Also valuable: to our operation are the synalectron personnel assigned to the battalien (see paragraph 5,a.(6)) as maintenance supervisors for the MCA/LOC Equipment.
- c. Mineral products presently purchased from RMK include both sand and silt essential in the operation of the battalion's concrete plant which were used to produce 2882 CY of concrete. The mineral products, produced by this battalion during the report period was 53389 CY of crushed rock at Black Diamond Industrial Site.
- d. TO&E Equipment: The CCIL Program has greatly reduced the critical shortage of essential items, however much needed equipment is still unavailable in support of the secondary road program. The items short are: 9-25T lowbeds, 2-20T cranes, 2 sheepsfoot rollers, 2-1000 gallon water distributors, and 76 general mechanics tool sets.
- e. The MCA/LOC Program has progressed continously during the period. At present the equipment on hand comprises; 1-bucket, concrete, 4-600 CFM Air compressors, 1-hydracone crusher, 4-pneumatic rock drills, 2-scoop loaders, 1-plant, concrete, 1-sharpening and threading machine, 9-transit mixers, 3-tampers, 1-welder, 375 Amp and 1-welder, 400 Amp. All equipment is essential in support of the secondary road projects, and with continued emphasis placed upon the MCA/LOC program the ultimate goal will be obtained with satisfaction.
- f. The RVNAF Improvement program has been a success with Phase 4 being completed prior to the end of this reporting period. Total items transfered during the period was 68 and ranged from 4-35mm cameras to a 75 TPH Rock Crusher being prepared for eventual transfer. Total items transferred since the initial turnover in March 1969 has been more than 2200, from elements of the 18th and 20th Engineer Brigades.

#### g. Maintenance:

- (1) During the last quarter three companies passed their Gall re-inspection.
- (2) An ASL for quarry equipment has been established. All items in the ASL have been requisitioned under an 05 priority, and 22% were received by the end of January.

EGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 920 Enginer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- (3) Trouble has been experienced with the alternator on the Allis Chalmers Model 645M scoop loader. During the last quarter six out of nine loaders have been deadlined for this item. M.W.O's have been submitted to install generator regulators in place of the alternators.
- (4) During the last quarter the critical items deadlined rate has dropped on an average of 59% to put the battalion rate below the 20th Engineer Brigade goals.
- (5) A shortage of repair parts for low density engineer equipment continues to hamper operation in the battalion and the 41st Engineur Company (Pert Construction). In-country depots do not have sufficient stocks of repair parts for Euclid Dump Trucks, D9.dozers, Pioneer 225 Crushers, Chicago Pneumatic Rock Drills, Buda Winches, P+H 40-ton cranes and CMC power units.
- 6. Force Development: None
- 7. Command Management: Refer to Paragraph 5, sub-paragraph g, sub-paragraph (1).
- 8. Inspector General Activities: The Annual General Inspection, FY70, was conducted during the period 12-16 January 1970 by the Inspector General, Headquarters, USARV. The Battalion received an overall rating of satisfactory.
- 9. PIO: There were 340 home news releases and 15 feature stories submitted during the reporting period.
- 10. Civic Action: During the reporting period the 92D Engineer Battalica (Construction) aided the Vietnamese people through more than 1750 Med Caps, and contributions of building materials such as tin, lumber, and rock. With the Vietnamese people contributing 75-80% on a self-help basis, the civic actions program was greatly enhanced during the previous quarter.

# Section 2, Lessons Learned: Commander's Observations, Evaluations and Recommendations

- 1. Personnel: None
- 2. Intelligence: None
- 3. Operations:
  - a. Construction of Portable Revetments.
- (1) Problem: To provide a method of temporarily reveting the entrance to a CH-54 U-shaped revetment so as to provide all-around fragment protection to the parked helicopter.

#### (2) Observations:

a) Revetments should be reasonably rapid to construct of materials that are readily available and be fairly easy to maintain.

EGBU-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Laport - Lessons Learned, 920 En inter Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

- b) The rev tments should be easily and quickly moved yet provide an adequate measure of protection.
- c) Equipment required for movement of the revetments must not be limited to one critical item, which would make movement extremely difficult if that item of equipment were not immediately available.
- (3) Evaluation: Two types of "portable revetments" were constructed and tested:
  - a) British Plastic Armor.
- (1) Five-inch angle iron was cut and welded into a 8' x 12' rectangular box with a backing of 3/16" steel plate. The box was then mounted at an angle of 30 degrees on a supporting angle iron frame. Two layers of asphaltic concrete were placed and compacted in the box with a 8' x 12' section of thain link fence meshed between the two layers. The concept of this design was to provide a sloping surface of asphaltic concrete to absorb and distribute the impact of a steel fragment(s). The resulting force would provide transverse and longitudinal stress over a wide area of the rear steel plate as opposed to the point impact of a fragment directly on the plate. This would be seen as a large bulge or deformation of the 3/16" steel plate. The protection provided by this revetment would be approximately equal to twelve inches of reinforced concrete.
- (2) The first revolment consisting of five modules was constructed, tested and determined to be somewhat unsatisfactory due to handling difficulties. Each module weighed approximately 7000 pounds and was transported by forklift from the side of the permanent revetment to the front. Each module was moved separately. The weight coupled with the height (12) of each module made its movement somewhat awkward and required approximately three minutes. Movement of several revetments twice each day required excessive use of a forklift which was required at other sites. Additionally, the materials required for construction were expensive, limited in quantity, and excessive welding machine manhours were required for construction.
  - b) Warehouse-Dolly-Nounted M8Al Revetments.
- (1) Two preassembled sections of M8.1 matting were mounted in the configuration of an A frame on a 4' x 9' warehouse dolly. Each section of M8Al matting consisted of seven pieces of matting to which two vertical sections of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  x  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " angle iron were welded for stability. A section of angle iron was welded in the center of the frame at each end of the dolly and attached to the apex of the A-frame. Bolts were used to join the two sections of the matting together. One piece of M8Al matting was suspended from each side of the dolly to provide protection for the dolly wheels and to prevent fragments from traveling under the dolly. This "skirt" was mounted so that it could be notated upwards to provide easy access to the tires. Three dollys constituted one revetment.

ECHO-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

Each dolly had a slotted piece of sime! welded to the front and rear with a bolt through the slot. When the dollys were towed by a small tug, which was in use dail; for movement of the flying cranes into and out of the revetments, the slots would allow separation of the dollys therefore providing them with a capability for turning. When in place, the dollys could be easily pushed together to provide a continuous wall of matting. A floorboard of MSAI matting was placed on each dolly so additional weight, for example, sandbags, could be employed to reduce the possibility of overturn resulting from a near blast.

- (2) This revetment was more quickly and easily constructed, relatively inexpensive and required less welding hours than those utilizing British Plastic Armor. Movement of the entire revetment could be accomplished either by a small tug, a jeep, or if required, by hand. Movement either into or from position required only about 60 seconds.
- (3) This revetment provides a lesser degree of protection than the British Plastic Armor revetments, but is considered to be approximately 78% effective.
- (4) Recommendations: Based on the increased portability of the warehouse dolly MSAl revetments and the speed and ease with which they can be constructed, employment of this type of revetment is decidedly superior to the British Plastic Amor although they offer a lesser degree of protection.
  - b. Construction and Erection of MSAL Aircraft Revetments.
- 1) Problem: To develop construction and erection techniques for the new M8Al revetment design.

#### 2) Observations:

- (a) The new aircraft revetments designed by the Waterways Experiment Station require two twelve foot parallel walls of MSAl matting one foot apart. The walls are supported by 6" x 12" posts on six-foot centers embedded in three feet of concrete. The space between the walls is filled with earth or laterite.
- (b) Combined weight of a twelve foot section of wall without laterite is approximately one ton. The two sides of the wall are fastened together by nine belts which pass through both sections of matting and are anchored on the outside by three vertical sections of angle iron on each side. There are three bolts on each two vertical sections of angle iron. The angle iron prevents the MSAL matting sides from buckling.

EGBD-OP

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

#### 3) Evaluation:

- (a) The revetment wall could be constructed onsite piece by piece but the difficulties encountered in using this method are many and restrictive. Each 144 pound mat would have to be manhandled and lifted to heights as great as 12. Holes would have to be cut once each piece of matting was placed so that each level of mat could be secured from buckling as the erection process continued.
- (b) The method actually used for construction utilized prefabrication techniques to the fullest. Twelve feet by twelve feet sections of M8Al matting were interlocked together on two pieces of 12' by 12' lumber. The three lengths of angle iron were welded to the matting at this time and bolt holes were pre-cut. A spacer bar was fabricated so that two 12' by 12' mats could be lifted simultaneously with a crane such that the two walls hang from the spacer bar at about a 1'2" distance from each other. Thus, the crane simply lifts the two mats over the spacer posts and lowers the mats so that they straddle the posts. The bolts can then be quickly inserted and fastened. The crane is then used on the next adjacent section.
- 4) Recommendations: That the second technique be used because of the relative ease of placement of the matting into sections and the reduced workload and savings in time for erection of each section.
- 4. Organization: None.
- 5. Training: None.
- 6. Logistics: None.
- 7. Communications: None.
- 8. Mate: ials: None.
- 9. Cther: None.

EEAUTORT C LTC, CE

Commanding

DISTRIBUTION: 2-CINCUSARPAC, ATTN: GPOP-DT (Air Mail) 3-CG, USARV, ATTN: AVEC-DST (Courier) 15-CO, 159th Engr Gp, ATTN: EGB-OP 4-CG, 20th Engr Bde, ATTN: AVBI-CHOPS EGB-CO (15 Feb 70) 1st Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92nd Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65(R2)

DA, HQ, 159th Engineer Group, APO 96491

27 February 1970

TO: Commanding Officer, 20th Engineer Brigade, ATTN: AVBI-OS, APO 96491

- 1. Submitted in accordance with USARV Regulation 525-15, dated 13 April 1969.
- 2. Comments are made on the following paragraphs:
- a. Section I, paragraph 2 a (1): The critical MOS shortages are identified and forwarded to 20th Engineer Brigade weekly. For the current missions of the 92nd Engineer Battalion and attached units surfacing specialists (62D20), harborcraft NCO's (61B40) and marine enginemen (61C20) are considered critical.
- b. Section I, paragraph 2 a (2): Until 1 November 1969 USARV would not permit the hire of any additional civilian personnel regardless of authorized spaces. Between 1 November 1969 and 1 February 1970 hire was authorized, but due to a review of authorized spaces by USARV G-3 the area civilian personnel office would accept applications but not complete the hiring process for local nationals. On 1 February 1970 USARV again imposed a freeze on the hire of civilian personnel.
- c. Section I, paragraph 3: This paragraph would be equally effective in Section II as a lesson learned.
- d. Section I, paragraph 5 a: The low stockage maintained caused additional administrative burden but did not cause work stoppages on construction projects.

J. K. BRATTON

COL, CE Commanding

CF:

CO, 92nd Engr Bn

PRECEDING PAGE BLANK

AVBI-OS (15 Feb 70) 2nd Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 92nd Engineer Battalion (Const) for the Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (H2)

10 MAR 1970

DA, HEADQUIRTERS, 20th ENGINEER BRIGADE, APO 96491

- TO: Commanding General, United States Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVECC-DST, APO 96375
- 1. Submitted in accordance with USARV Regulation 525-15, dated 13 April 19od.
- 2. Subject report has been reviewed by this headquarters and is considered adequate.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Kenned J. Noehler 144 c. A H. V. GOSWEILER III

Assistant Adjutant

Copies Furnished: CO, 159th Engr Gp CO, 92nd Engr Bn

AVHCC-DST (15 Feb 70) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS USFOR-65(R2)

Headquarters, United States Army, Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 3 0 MAR 1970

- TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558
- 1. This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 31 January 1970 from Headquarters, 92d Engineer Battalion (Construction) and concurs with the comments of indorsing headquarters.

#### 2. Comments follow:

- a. Reference item concerning "Personnel", page 2, paragraph 2a: concur. USARV assigns equitably among all major subordinate commands. For assignment purposes the 92d Engr Bn receives replacements from the 20th Engr Bde. Commanders at any level may allocate personnel resources to best perform the mission. DA fill in cited MOS is insufficient to maintain USARV at 100 percent of authorization. USARV percentages range from 27 percent to 66 percent for these MOS's. The 20th Engr Bde is below the USARV average in MOS 51K20, 62D20 and 61C20 and is programmed for priority fill to bring them up to the average. In MOS 64A/B, the brigade is over 100 percent of authorized.
- b. Reference item concerning "173 Truck Drivers Authorized by the Civilianization Program (page 3, paragraph 1(e): nonconcur. The 173 truck driver positions were allocated by the 20th Engineer Brigade to the 92d Battalion even though the 92d Bn was not one of the Battalions designated for drawdown under the Program 6 civilianization plan. The 92d Bn was never able or capable of utilizing the positions due to non-availability of skilled LNDH personnel and insufficient equipment for this number of personnel. A new TDA is being prepared by the 20th Engineer Brigade which reflects the true requirements for the 92d Battalion to adequately supply the capability of performing their mission. A total of 44 truck drivers is recognized including the truck driver leaders and light truck drivers. The hold on hiring imposed on 1 February 1970 by USARV as referenced in comments contained in 1st Indorsement paragraph 2b was initiated by the Office of Civilian Personnel Director to obtain time to reconcile and balance assigned LNDH personnel against the current vouchered authorizations.
- c. Reference item concerning "Effectiveness of Concertina as an Anti-Sapper Barrier", page 4, paragraph 3a. Item has been extracted for possible inclusion is the next issue of <u>Tips for Commanders</u>.

AVHGC-DST (15 Feb 70) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 92D Engineer Battalion (Construction), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

d. Reference item concerning "Incomplete Inventories", page 14, paragraph 5(2): concur. This situation has been brought to the attention of supply managers. The number of updating cycles for these supplies has recently been increased with the result that asset balances at ICCV have been more closely reconciled to the amount of supplies at storage locations.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Cy furn: 20th Engr Bde 92d Engr Bn 'C' E. MICHELS' MAJ, AGC

Assistant Adjutant General

GPOP-DT (15 Feb 70) 4th Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of HQ, 92d Engineer Battalion for Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 4 APR 70

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER INCHIEF:

D.D. CLINE

1016 Cleus

2LT, AGC

Asst AG

UNCLASSIFIED Security Classification DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R & D (Security classification of title, body of abatract and indexing annotation must be entared when the overall report is classified) 1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY (Corporate author) 28. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY HQ, OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310 Operational Report - Lessons Learned, HQ, 92d Engineer Battalion 4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES (Type of report and inclusive dates) Experiences of unit engaged in counterinsurgency operations, 1 Nov 69 to 31 Tan 70.

3. AUTHOR(3) (First name, middle initial, fact name) CO, 92d Engineer Battalion . REPORT DATE 74. TOTAL NO. OF PAGES 76. NO. OF REFS 15 February 1970 M. CONTRACT OR GRANT NO. Se. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) b. PROJECT NO. 701284 N/A 95. OTHER REPORT NOISI (Any other numbers that may be assigned this report) 10. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT 12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310 N/A 13. ABSTRACT

25